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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/882,940	06/15/2001	Jerry B. Decime	10008055-1	9541
75	90 10/20/2005		EXAM	INER
HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY			CAMPBELL, JOSHUA D	
Intellectual Property Administration P.O. Box 272400 Fort Collins, CO 80527-2400			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2178	
		DATE MAILED: 10/20/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/882,940	DECIME ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Joshua D. Campbell	2178			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apported to the second section apport.	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL'MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period vare to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE.	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 July 2005.					
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3) 🗌	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-6 and 8-20 is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-6 and 8-20 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
9)[]	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.	·			
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex					
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority document Certified copies of the priority document Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachmen	• •					
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da	(PTO-413) ate			
3) 🔲 Infori	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date		atent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is responsive to communications: Amendment filed on 07/29/2005.

2. Claims 1-6 and 8-20 are pending in this case. Claims 1, 11, and 16 are independent claims.

- 3. The rejection of claims 1-3, 5-8, 10-12, 14-17, and 19-20 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Google (Google Friends Newsletter, May 23, 2001) in view of Nielsen (US Patent Number 5,875,443, issued on February 23, 1999) has been withdrawn due to the affidavit/declaration.
- 4. The rejection of claims 4, 13, and 18 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Google (Google Friends Newsletter, May 23, 2001) in view of Nielsen (US Patent Number 5,875,443, issued on February 23, 1999) as applied to claims 1, 11, and 16 above, and further in view of Lawrence (US Patent Number 6,393,444, filed on March 10, 1999) has been withdrawn due to the affidavit/declaration.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 6. Claims 1-3, 5-8, 10-12, 14-17, and 19-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Google (ResearchBuzz!: Google Adds Spelling Suggestions,

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August 28, 2000) in view of Nielsen (US Patent Number 5,875,443, issued on February 23, 1999).

Regarding independent claim 1, Google discloses a method in which an unfamiliar word is identified and an alternative spelling of that word is supplied as a word variant (Page 1, "Google Adds Spelling Suggestions", and Pages 3 and 4 of Google). Google discloses that both the unfamiliar word and the word variant are run through a search engine to show the frequency of use of both words and that the results are presented to the user (Page 1, "Google Adds Spelling Suggestions", and Pages 3 and 4 of Google). Google does not disclose a method in which the unfamiliar word is identified in a document during the execution of an automatic spell-checker. However, Nielsen discloses a method in which unfamiliar words are identified in a document during the execution of a spell checker (column 3, line 17-column 4, line 47 of Nielsen). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the method of Google with the method of Nielsen because it would have made it easier to correct large, lengthy volumes of text.

Regarding dependent claims 2 and 3, Google does not disclose a method in which a word is identified as unfamiliar by determining whether or not it is stored in a database and then providing suggestions based on similarly spelled words in the database. However, Nielsen discloses a method in which a word is identified as unfamiliar by determining whether or not it is stored in a database and then suggestions are provided based upon similarly spelled words in the database (column 3, line 16-column 4, line 47 of Nielsen). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the

art at the time the invention was made to have combined the methods of Google with the method of Nielsen because it would allowed for a working adaptable list to be kept to be used by more than one user.

Regarding dependent claims 5 and 6, Google discloses a method in which the using the search engine comprises transmitting the words to an Internet search engine via a network from a remote location (Page 1, "Google Adds Spelling Suggestions", and Pages 3 and 4 of Google).

Regarding dependent claim and 8, Google discloses a method in which an indication of the frequency of the words is expressed in terms of hits (Pages 5 and 6 of Google). Google can be used to search the open Internet or a database of categories (Pages 2, 5, and 6 of Google).

Regarding dependent claim 9, Google does not disclose a method in which the frequency of results is shown as a percentage. However, Google discloses a method in which the amount of pages searched is displayed and the amount of pages that are hits is displayed (Pages 2-4 of Google). The percentage of pages that are hits is simply a function of these two values. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have used the methods of Google and the method of showing frequencies by percentages because it was well known in the art at the time the invention was made that percentages were used, by definition, to show the proportion of a whole that meets certain criteria.

Regarding dependent claim 10, Google discloses that the user may select and continue searching by selecting either the original or moving to the word variant once a

decision is made based on the results (Page 1, "Google Adds Spelling Suggestions", and Pages 3 and 4 of Google).

Regarding independent claims 11 and dependent claims 14 and 15, the claims incorporate substantially similar subject matter as claims 1 and 10. Thus, the claims are rejected along the same rationale as claims 1 and 10.

Regarding independent claims 16 and dependent claims 19 and 20, the claims incorporate substantially similar subject matter as claims 1 and 10. Thus, the claims are rejected along the same rationale as claims 1 and 10.

Regarding dependent claims 12 and 17, the claims incorporate substantially similar subject matter as claim 2. Thus, the claims are rejected along the same rationale as claim 2.

7. Claims 4, 13, and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Google (ResearchBuzz!: Google Adds Spelling Suggestions, August 28, 2000) in view of Nielsen (US Patent Number 5,875,443, issued on February 23, 1999) as applied to claims 1, 11, and 16 above, and further in view of Lawrence (US Patent Number 6,393,444, filed on March 10, 1999).

Regarding dependent claim 4, neither Google nor Nielsen disclose a method in which the alternative spelling is generated by an algorithm to replace letters of an unfamiliar word with similarly sounding letters. However, Lawrence discloses a method in which the alternative spelling is generated by an algorithm to replace letters of an unfamiliar word with similarly sounding letters (phonetically) (column 1, line 33-column

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2, line 31 of Lawrence). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the methods of Google and Nielsen with methods of Lawrence because it would have provided more accurate alternative spelling results.

Regarding dependent claims 13 and 18, the claims incorporate substantially similar subject matter as claim 4. Thus, the claims are rejected along the same rationale as claim 4.

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments filed 07/29/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Regarding the arguments on pages 7-14, regarding claims 1-6 and 8-20, the arguments are based solely on the use of the Declaration under C.F.R. 1.131 to show the inapplicability of the Google reference. As shown above, proof that the teachings of the Google reference were conceived earlier than the date of conception of the inventors, thus a new rejection of the claims has been applied using that proof.

Conclusion

9. Applicant's declaration necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP

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§ 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Joshua D. Campbell whose telephone number is (5.71) 272-4133. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:30 AM - 4:00 PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Hong can be reached on (571) 272-4124. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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JDC October 6, 2005 SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINED